

UNRAVELLING THE FOOD-HEALTH NEXUS:

ADDRESSING PRACTICES, POLITICAL ECONOMY, AND POWER RELATIONS TO BUILD HEALTHIER FOOD SYSTEMS







Our food systems are making people sick.

HOW WE PRODUCE, DISTRIBUTE, MARKET, PREPARE, EAT AND DISPOSE OF FOOD HAS A SIGNIFICANT AND GROWING COST TO PUBLIC HEALTH

5 CHANNELS OF IMPACT











Impact Channel 1: OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS



People get sick because they work under unhealthy conditions.

Pesticides are responsible for an estimated 200,000 acute poisoning deaths each year – 99% of those in developing countries.

Impact Channel 2: ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION



People get sick because of contaminants in the water, soil or air

Exposure to endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDCs) causes annual health costs of \$217 billion in the EU (1.28% of GDP) and \$340 billion in the US (2.33% of GDP)

Impact Channel 3: CONTAMINATED, UNSAFE & ALTERED FOODS



People get sick because specific foods they eat are unsafe for consumption.

In 2010, there were an estimated 600 million cases of food-borne illnesses and 420,000 deaths.

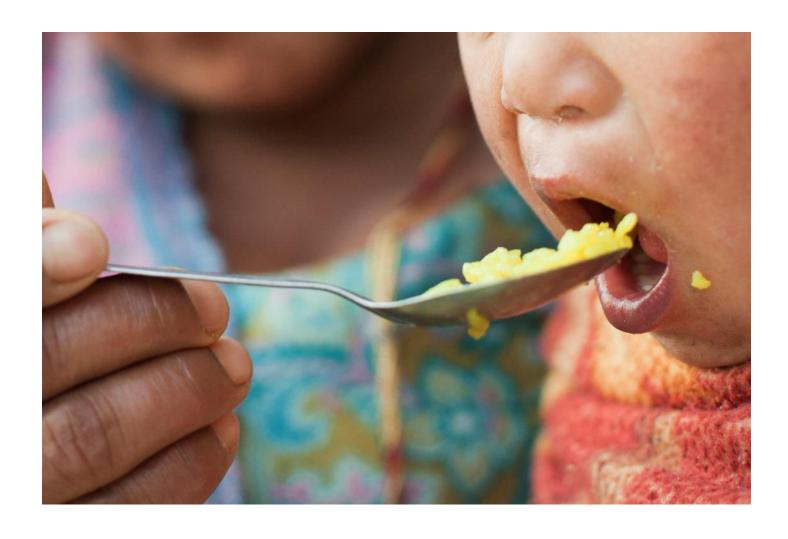
Impact Channel 4: UNHEALTHY DIETARY PATTERNS



People get sick because they have unhealthy diets

According to one study, obesity has roughly the same economic impact (\$2 trillion USD) as smoking or the combined costs of armed violence, wars and terrorism.

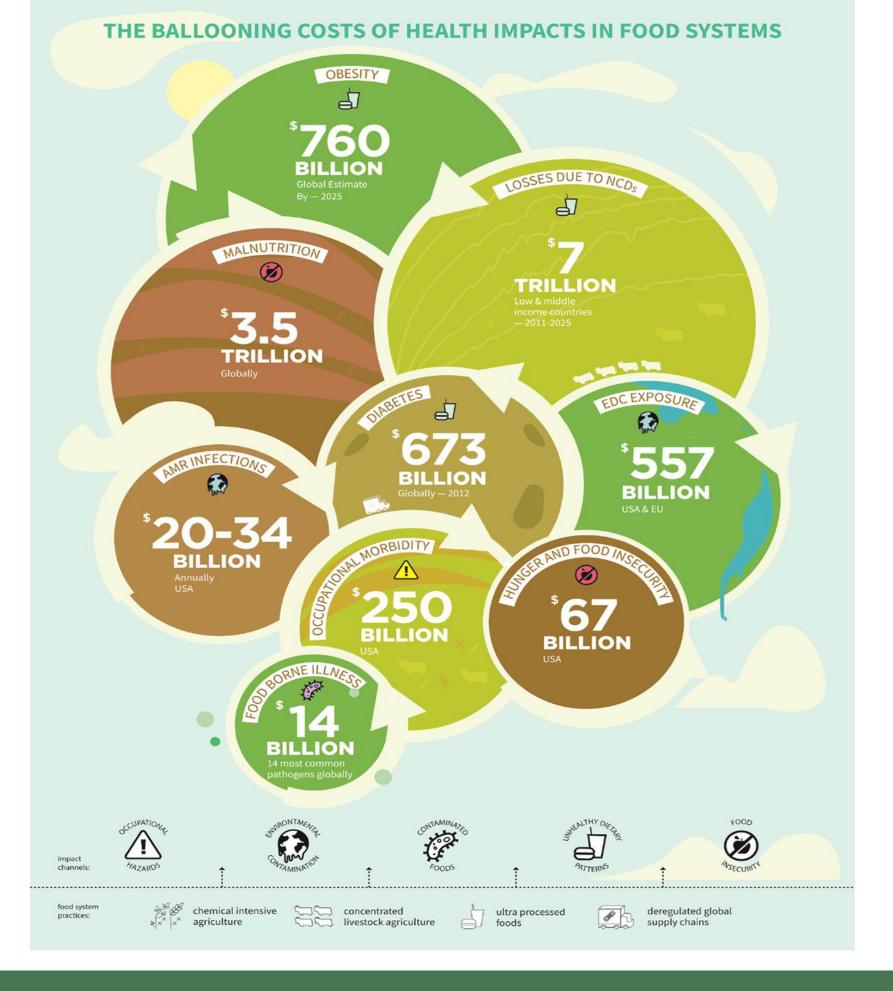
Impact Channel 5: FOOD INSECURITY



People get sick because they can't access adequate food at all times.

2 million people worldwide suffer from micronutrient deficiencies and nearly 800 million suffer from calorie deficiency.

THE HUMAN AND ECONOMIC COSTS ARE SEVERE AND GROWING



WE KNOW THE ROOT CAUSES OF THESE IMPACTS:

- Chemical-intensive monocropping
- Intensive livestock production
- Mass production and marketing of ultra-processed foods
- Development of deregulated and opaque supply chains

So why don't we take action?

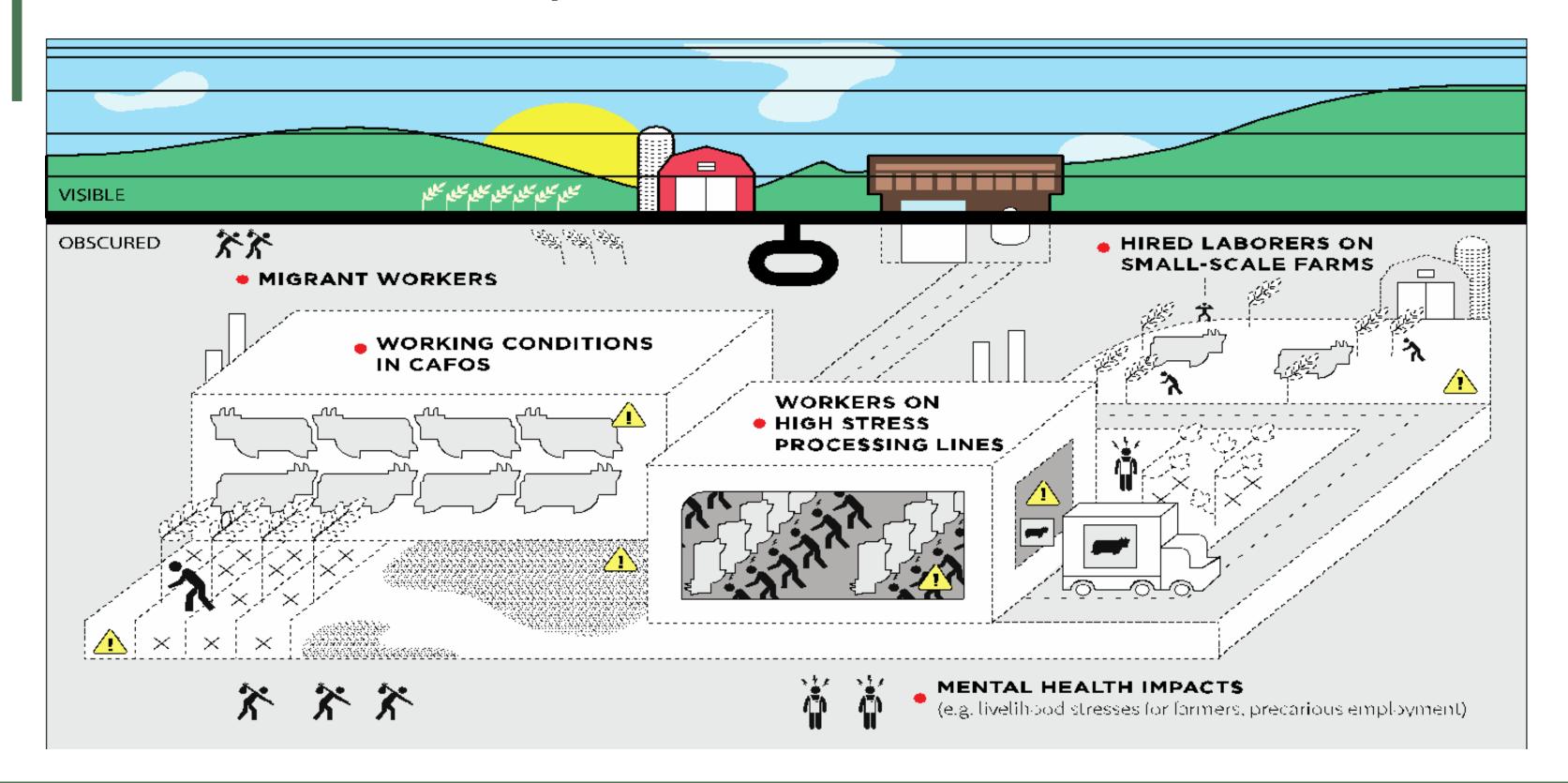




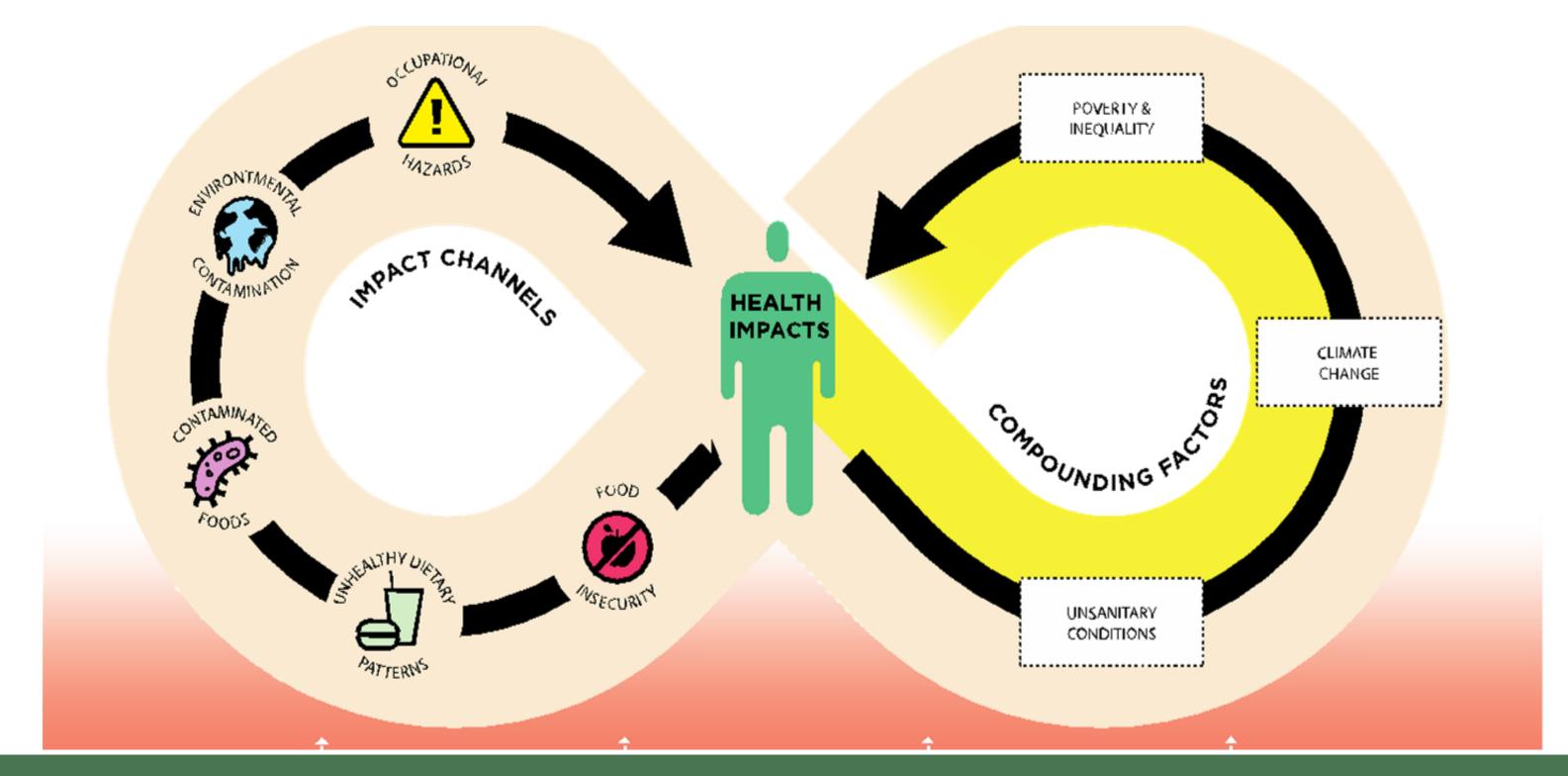




CHALLENGE 1. Some impacts are hidden



CHALLENGE 2. Vicious cycles: the food-health-climate-poverty nexus



CHALLENGE 3. Overcoming biases and dealing with complexity

- Industry-sponsored science
- Simplification in media & public debate
- Silos in science & policy
- Misleading narratives ('feed the world', climate-smart agriculture, nutritionism)







LEVERAGE POINTS FOR CHANGE

- 1) Promoting food systems thinking
- 2) Reasserting scientific integrity and research as a public good
- 3) Adopting the precautionary principle
- 4) Building integrated food policies under participatory governance
- Bringing alternative systems to light: the potential of agroecology



